

POUR-ON for Beef and Dairy Cattle

Eprizero® Pour-On for treatment and control of 39 species and stages of parasites

ZERO days meat withdrawal

Effective against the major species and stages of parasites

> SAME active ingredient

and dosing regimen as **Eprinex**[®] (eprinomectin)

STOPS PARASITES AT THEIR SOURCE

FOR LONGER CONTROL AND SAFETY

Provides excellent broad-spectrum treatment and control against internal and external parasites, and return on investment, in a convenient pour-on formulation.

Research shows that the active ingredient in Eprizero® Pour-On outperformed Cydectin® (moxidectin), Ivomec® (ivermectin) and Dectomax® (doramectin) in head-to-head university studies.1

Parasites adversely affect beef production and especially profitability by impacting weaning weights, weaned calf crop and feed efficiency. Treating for parasites with a broad-spectrum product like Eprizero°, has shown an economic return of \$201/head.2

RAIN IS NOT AN ISSUE

Where rain is an issue after treatment, the active ingredient in Eprizero° Pour-On was 99% effective against adults and immature larvae (L4) of the most economically significant internal parasites (worms) and nematodes found in cattle.3





Norbrook offers Eprizero® Pour-On in convenient 1 Liter, 2.5 Liter, 5 Liter and 20 Liter sizes for economical per-dose application.



ANADA 200-563, Approved by FDA



Parasiticide

Contains 5 mg eprinomectin/mL

Not for use in calves to be processed for veal

avermectin. Its broad-spectrum efficacy in a weatherproof formulation, margin of safety, zero slaughter withdrawal and zero milk discard, make it including lactating dairy cattle. a convenient product for parasite control in beef and dairy cattle in one application. Eprizero Pour-On contains eprinomectin, a unique Eprizero® Pour-On delivers effective internal and external parasite control

MODE OF ACTION

interact with other ligand-gated chloride channels, such as those gated by the neurotransmitter gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA). The margin of do not have glutamate-gated chloride channels, the macrocyclic lactones have a low affinity for other mammalian ligand-gated chloride channels safety for compounds of this class is attributable to the fact that mammals paralysis and death of the parasite. Compounds of this class may also ions with hyperpolarization of the nerve or muscle cell, resulting in leads to an increase in the permeability of the cell membrane to chloride ion channels which occur in invertebrate nerve and muscle cells. This class bind selectively and with high affinity to glutamate-gated chloride endectocides which have a unique mode of action. Compounds of the Eprinomectin is a member of the macrocyclic lactone class of

dairy cattle. Applied at the recommended dose volume of 1 mL/10 kg (22 lb) body weight, to achieve a dose level of 500 mcg eprinomectin/kg body weight, Eprizero Pour-On is indicated for the effective treatment and of gastrointestinal roundworms (including inhibited Ostertagia ostertag), lungworms, grubs, sucking and biting lice, chorioptic and sarcoptic mange Eprizero (eprinomectin) Pour-On is indicated for the treatment and control mites, and hom flies in beef and dairy cattle of all ages, including lactating

ntestinal Roundworms

monchus placei	(adults and L4)
rtagia ostertagi	(adults and L4)
uding inhibited L4)	
hostrongylus axei	(adults and L4)
hostrongylus colubriformis	(adults and L4)
hostrongylus longispicularis	(adults only)
peria oncophora	(adults and L4)
peria punctata	(adults and L4)
peria surnabada	(adults and L4)
natodirus helvetianus	(adults and L4)
ophagostomum radiatum	(adults and L4)
ostomum phlebotomum	(adults and L4)

Strongyloides papillosus Trichuris spp

(adults only) (adults only)

and they do not readily cross the blood-brain barrier.

control of the following parasites

ADMINISTRATION

animal and apply as directed dispensing cap) additional amount required to provide the total dose for that ystem between dosing. If the animal being treated weighs nore that 550 lbs (250 kg), refill the dispensing cap to the ose automatically adjusts to the correct level. Tilt the container ne appropriate level. Hold the container upright and gently ap to the container. Select the correct dose rate by rotating the narkings, use the next higher increment. Attach the dispensing vill treat 110 lbs body weight. When body weight is between he dispensing cap is graduated in 5 mL increments. Each 5 mL djuster top in either direction to position the dose indicator to deliver the dose.The "closed-off-shut" position will close the lueeze it to deliver a slight excess of the required dose as

(adults and L4)

Dictyocaulus viviparus

Cattle Grubs (all parasitic stages)

Damalinia bovis

Hypoderma bovis

Solenopotes capillatus Haematopinus eurysternus Linognathus vituli

Chorioptes bovis

Mange Mites

Sarcoptes scabies

Persistent Activity

Haematobia irritans

Horn Flies

treatment and Haematobia irritans for 7 days after treatment been proved to effectively control infections and to protect cattle from re-infection with *Dictyocaulus viviparus* for 21 days after Eprizero (eprinomectin) Pour-On for Beef and Dairy Cattle has

efficacy of Eprizero Pour-On Varying weather conditions, including rainfall, do not affect the Use Conditions

Management Considerations for Treatment of External Parasites introduction. Consult your veterinarian or an entomologist for the most herd. Cattle introduced to the herd later should be treated prior to For best results Eprizero Pour-On should be applied to all cattle in the

effective timing of applications for the control of external parasites.

recovered from skin scrapings taken 8 weeks after treatment; Chorioptic Mange: In clinical studies evaluating the efficacy of however, chronic skin lesions were still present on some animals eprinomectin against chorioptic mange mites, mites were not

provides 7 days of persistent activity against horn flies, the product should be used as part of an integrated control program utilizing other Horn flies: For optimal control of horn flies, as Eprizero Pour-On control methods to provide extended control.

narrow strip extending from the withers to the tailhead The product is formulated only for external application to beef and dairy cattle. The dose rate is 1 mL/10 kg (22 lb) of body weight. The product should be applied topically along the backline in a

Squeeze-Measure-Pour System (33.8 fl oz/1 liter pack with

dicated by the calibration lines. By releasing the pressure, the

manufacturer's directions for adjusting the dose and care of the dosing applicator, checking for leaks. Follow the applicator gun dosing equipment to the outlet from the vent cap. Gently prime the with the vent cap provided. Attach the hose from the automatic applicator gun following use.

Screw Feedlot pack cap and dip tube onto the 20 liter drum Container (676 fl oz/20 liter container with draw-off device)

follow the applicator gun manufacturer's directions for adjusting the dose and care of the applicator gun following use. spigot on the Feedlot pack cap and the other end to the applicator ensuring a tight fit. Connect the long 3m feed tube at one end to the gun. Gently prime the dosing applicator, checking for leaks. Then

and tubing back into the container and replace the shipping cap.

1100 lb (500 kg)	990 lb (450 kg)	880 lb (400 kg)	770 lb (350 kg)	660 lb (300 kg)	550 lb (250 kg)	440 lb (200 kg)	330 lb (150 kg)	220 lb (100 kg)	Weight	
50 mL	45 mL	40 mL	35 mL	30 mL	25 mL	20 mL	15 mL	10 mL	Dose	

cows or bulls recommended dose had no adverse effect on breeding performance of showed clinical signs of mydriasis. Application of 3 times the study, one of 6 cattle treated once at 10 times the recommended dose intervals had no adverse effects on 8 week old calves. In the tolerance application of up to 5 times the recommended dose 3 times at 7 day recommended dose had no adverse effects on neonatal calves, and eprinomectin in cattle. In toxicity studies, application of 3 times ANIMAL SAFETY
Tolerance and toxicity studies have demonstrated the margin of safety for Ħe

RESIDUE WARNINGS

When used a ccording to label directions, neither a pre-slaughter drug withdrawal period nor a milk discard time consumption at any time following treatment. A with drawal period has not been established for pre-ruminating calves. Do is required, therefore, meat and milk from cattle treated with not use in calves to be processed for veal Eprizero (eprinomectin) Pour-On may be used for human

Keep this and all drugs out of the reach of children. NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS.

WARNING

contact Norbrook at 1-866-591-5777 safety information. soap and water. If accidental eye exposure occurs, flush eyes immediately with water. The safety data sheet (SDS) contains more detailed occupation should be avoided. If accidental skin contact occurs, wash immediately with As with any topical medication intended for treatment of animals, skin contact . The safety data sheet (SDS) contains more detailed occupational . To report adverse effects, obtain an SDS or for assistance

This product is for topical application only. Do not administer orally or by

Do not apply to areas of the backline covered with mud or manure

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Container (84.5 fl oz/2.5 liter pack; 169 fl oz/5 liter pack) Remove the shipping cap from the backpack container and replace

exceed 12 hours, disconnect the gun, draw off tubing and dip tube and cap from the product container, empty the product from the gun When the interval between use of the applicator gun is expected to

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ADVERSE REACTIONS

No adverse reactions were observed during clinical trials

STORAGE CONDITIONS

short period of time, however, such exposure should be minimized to 86° F/30° C. Storage at temperatures up to 104°F/40°C is permitted for a Store container in the carton to protect from light and at temperatures up

HOW SUPPLIED Eprizero (eprinomectin) Pour-On for Beef and Dairy Cattle is available in

Restricted Drug (California) - Use Only as Directed

Made in the UK

Manufactured by:

Norbrook Laboratories Limited

Newry, BT356PU, Co. Down, Northern Ireland.

Eprizero is a registered trademark of Norbrook Laboratories Limited

with products containing compounds of this class Severe adverse reactions have been reported in other species treated Eprizero Pour-On is not recommended for use in species other than cattl

When to Treat Cattle with Grubs

fly season may be re-treated with Eprizero Pour-On during the winter without danger of grub-related reactions. For further information and killing H. bovis when it is in the vertebral canal may cause staggering or paralysis. Cattle should be treated either before or after these stages of of Hypoderma larvae (cattle grubs) at the period when these grubs are in advice on a planned parasite control program, consult your veterinarian vital areas may cause undesirable host-parasite reactions. Killing (warble fly) season. While this is not peculiar to eprinomectin, destruction Eprizero Pour-On is effective against all stages of cattle grubs. However grub_development. Cattle treated with Eprizero Pour-On at the end of the Hypoderma lineatum when it is in the esophageal tissues may cause bloa cattle should be treated as soon as possible after the end of the heel fly proper timing of treatment is important. For the most effective results

ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY

duration of such effects are species and life-cycle specific. use dung as a source of food and for reproduction. The magnitude and can inhibit the reproduction and growth of pest and beneficial insects tha containers in an approved landfill or by incineration. As with other least 6 hours after treatment. Do not contaminate water by direct organisms. Do not permit cattle to enter lakes, streams or ponds for at ivermectin/eprinomectin may adversely affect fish and certain aquatic adverse impact on populations of dung-dependent insects. according to label directions, the product is not expected to have an avermectins, eprinomectin is excreted in the dung of treated animals and application or by the improper disposal of drug containers. Dispose of readily and tightly binds to the soil and becomes inactive over time. Free Studies indicate that when eprinomectin comes in contact with soil, it

for use with appropriate automatic dosing equipment 2.5 L/84.5 fl oz or 5 L/169 fl oz container or 20 L/676 fl oz container intended L/33.8 fl oz container with a squeeze-measure-pour system, or in a

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Paul A, Hutchens D, Hart D, Maciel AE, Robertson C, Gross SJ. Comparison of Eprinomectin with other macrocyclic lactones in cattle. Proceedings, 45th Annual Meeting of the American Association of Veterinary Parasitologists, Salt Lake City, Utah. 2000. Lawrence JD, Ibarbura MA. Economic analysis of pharmaceutical technologies in modern beef production in a bioeconomy era. lowa State University. 2009. Available at http://www.econ.iastate.edu/faculty/lawrence/Pharma%202007%20update.pdf.